

olk and Richmond,  
The Sloop Harriet,  
Captain DEGAU.  
For freight or passage, apply to  
the Master on board at Merchants'

## PUBLIC SALE.

the 21st of January next, I will offer at  
the next fair day, I will offer at  
to the highest bidder, at the

PERSONAL ESTATE of Mary  
deceased; consisting of Horses,  
Hogs, Household and Kitchen  
Furniture, Utensils, Hay, Fodder,  
Straw, on a credit of 60  
all sums under twenty dollars  
quited, and for those above that  
an approved security.

Humphrey Peake, Adm'r.

## TEN DOLLARS Reward.

Y, from the subscriber about the  
September last, an apprentice to  
business, named JOHN BEAL,  
15 years of age; had on a nan-  
suit, waistcoat and trousers. Who  
up said apprentice and return him,  
above reward and reasonable char-

Thomas Taylor.

man Segar-Makers will meet  
employ and good wages, by ap-

THOMAS TAYLOR.

Prince Street, two doors below  
Water Street, Alexandria.

quantity of Havana Se-

of the second and third qualities.

Chewing Tobacco.

Peter Wise, jun.

31st

RY K. MAY,

er Schooner Maria, from Boston

and offers for Sale,

Beerboon Gurrahs.

31st

ool Salt—Afloat.

coarse Liverpool SALT,

booner Favourite at Lawral

for sale by

Wraion & Fowle;

received by said Schooner from

Boston,

W England Rum,

olasses,

ould and Dipt Candles,

sh Chocolate,

h Raisins,

t Havana Segars,

risoon Gurrahs,

A Quality Russia Duck,

er Lead.

ON HAND,

ing Hyson and Hyson Skin Tea

y Raven's Duck, superior in quality

to English,

Ravens,

arpenline.

QUANTITY OF

ellona GUN-POWDER.

31st

OTICE.

ing of the President and Directors

Little River Turnpike Company,

ay's, in the town of Alexandria,

ember, 1805—

hat the treasurer notify the stock-

Little River Turnpike Company,

paid up the several calls due from

situation of the work will not

indulgence; and that he cause

s to be had against all those who

immediate payment—and that he

solution in one of the newspapers

Leesburg, and Winchester.

evin Powell, President.

31st

PUBLIC SALE.

Y, the second day of February

ill be sold, on the premises,

# Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1806.

[No. 1490.]

Vol. VI.]

## Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,  
R U M

In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,  
Gin in pipes and bls.  
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.  
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.

Chocolate  
White and brown Soap and  
Mould and dipt Candles  
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,  
Figs in kegs and frails,  
Queen's Ware in crates,  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,  
&c. &c. Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,  
among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,  
Duffin, Platts, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,  
Serges, Elastics, blue Friezes,  
Calimancoes, Ruffs, Yarn Stockings,  
Chintzes and Calicoes,  
Irish Linens, Silks do.  
Onaburgs and Ticklenburgs,  
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,  
India Muslins and Table Cloths,  
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,  
Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry other  
articles.

Philip G. Mansfield.

Nov. 12.

## For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the West-Indies,



THE BRIG

EQUATOR,

Henry Moore, Master;

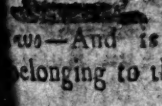
Burthen 230 hhds. For terms apply to the  
master on board, or to

HUGH SMITH.

Dec. 16.

## For Sale or Freight,

The Schooner



BETSEY,

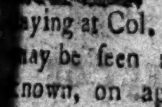
Burthen eight hundred barrels;  
Was built in eighteen hundred and  
two—and is without exception the best Schir-  
relonging to the port—for terms apply to

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Dec. 14

## FOR SALE,

On moderate Terms,



The SHIP

HETTY,

Just arrived from Liverpool, and  
lying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory  
may be seen and description of the Ship made  
known, on application to Captain Ruffel, on  
board or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

If said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen days,  
she will be for freight or charter to any port in  
Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1.

## HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from  
New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immed-  
ately applied for;  
80 casks Red Lead,  
38 casks Patent Shot,  
18 casks Inferior Lead and  
36 sheers Milled do.

December 18.

## FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber about the  
18th of September last, an apprentice to  
the tobacco business, named JOHN BEAL,  
between 14 and 15 years of age; had on a nan-  
teen roundabout, waistcoat and trousers. Who-  
ever will take up said apprentice and return him,  
shall have the above reward and a reasonable char-

Thomas Taylor.

Two journeymen Segar-Makers will meet  
with constant employ and good wages, by ap-  
plying to

THOMAS TAYLOR.  
Prince Street, two doors below  
Water Street, Alexandria.

January 3.

## A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, by COTTON and STEWART,  
and for Sale, at their Store,  
[PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]  
Fleetwood:

OR

The NEW MAN OF FEELING.

By WILLIAM GORWIN.

September 18.

## For Norfolk and Richmond,

The Sloop Harriet,

Captain DEGAU.

For freight or passage, apply to  
the Master on board at Merchants'

wharf.

January 3.

## PUBLIC SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 21st of January next, if  
fair, if not, the next fair day, I will offer at  
Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the  
Gum-Spring.

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of Mary  
Peake, deceased; consisting of Horses,  
Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Household and Kitchen  
Furniture, Farming Utensils, Hay, Fodder,  
Corn, Oats and Straw; on a credit of 60  
months. For all sums under twenty dollars,  
cash will be required, and for those above that  
sum, bonds with approved security.

Humphrey Peake, Adm'r.

January 3.

Mandeville and Jameffon,

OFFER FOR SALE,

For Cash, Produce, or on the usual Credit;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

LIQUORS & GROCERIES,

Consisting of

Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-

lities.

Philadelphia and Alexandria Loaf and Lump

ditto.

Jamaica,

St. Vincents, and } In hhds. &c.

N. E. Rum,

Old Jamaica Spirits, for family use,

Peach and Apple-Brandy,

Cogniac and Bordeaux do.

Holland and Country Geneva,

70 barrels strong and fine-flavored Rye Whis-

key.

Madeira,

Sherry,

Old Port,

Lisbon,

Malaga, and

Tenecite

40 cases St. Etaph Medoc Claret,

1 butt old 4th proof Irish Whiskey,

100 cases West Schiedam Gin.

A few hogheads of choice Molasses,

Tenecite and Georgia Cotton.

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Souchong,

Hyson-skin, and

Bohea

Green Coffee, Chocolate, Pearl Batley, Rice,

Strach, Fig-blue, Soap, Mustard, Rapee and

Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Cassia,

Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, rice and ground.

Flotant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Cop-

peras, Allum and Brimstone.

Patent Shot, assorted, from BB to No. 9.

Bar Lead, Hunter's Pipes, Bees Wax, Wrap-

ping Paper, Domijohns, Refined Salt-Petre,

Chalk,

Mould and Dipt Candles.

British Gunpowder of various qual-

ities from F to treble-battle.

October 18.

## NOTICE.

THE Stock-Holders in the Marine Insurance

Company, of Alexandria, are informed

15 hogheads } Prime retailing Molasses

12 tierces } 20 punches high proof Jamaica Rum

8 butts Muscat Wine

4 half butts Cogniac do.

4 pipes fine old Brazil Madeira

13 boxes French Prunes

10 hogheads } New-England Rum

15 barrels }

50 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey

6 casks refined British Salt-Petre

3 tierces Allum

50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles

10 boxes Chocolate

Just received, and for sale, for cash or on the

usual credits.

Mandeville & Jameffon.

December 21.

20 Pipes very choice Madeira

Wine.

Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bar-

tholomew; and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21.

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time

in the West-Indies.

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under  
the firm of Joseph Riddle & Co. of Alexandria,  
was dissolved the first instant, by mutual con-  
sent: All persons that are indebted to, or that  
have claims on the same, are requested to come  
forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the  
concern as soon as possible. Those whose ac-  
counts are of long standing are particularly re-  
quested to attend to this notice, and make  
payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,

Of Alexandria.

JAMES DALL,

Of Baltimore.

September 18.

## JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately

arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part

of his

## FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax  
Street, and daily expects an additional supply in  
the United States from Liverpool.

September 23.

## District of Columbia, to wit:

WHEREAS Alexander Henderson hath, by  
his petition in writing, applied to the  
Hon. Nicholas Fitzhugh, one of the assistant  
judges of the circuit court of the district of Co-  
lumbia, to be admitted to the benefit of the act  
of Congress for the relief of insolvent debtors  
within the district aforesaid, and has stated there-  
in that he is in actual confinement in the prison  
rules of Alexandria county, at the suit of sundry  
creditors of the said Alexander Henderson, and  
of one John M'Pherson, lately trading in co-  
partnership; the said John M'Pherson residing  
and carrying on the business of the said co-part-  
nership in the city of New-York, under the firm  
of John M'Pherson and Co.: And the said Alex-  
ander Henderson, residing and carrying on the  
business of the co-partnership in the town of A-  
lexandria, under the firm of Alexander Hender-  
son and Co. and the said Alexander Henderson  
being unable to discharge the said claims wit-  
h others against him, has offered to deliver up  
the use of his creditors, all his property real  
personal, or mixed: Notice is therefore given  
to the creditors of the said Alexander Henderson,  
and of the copartnership aforesaid, that on Mon-  
day the 6th day of next January, at 10 o'clock  
in the forenoon, at the court-house in Alexan-  
dria, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be ad-  
ministered to the said Alexander Henderson, and  
a trustee appointed agreeable to the said act of  
Congress, unless cause be then and there shown  
to the contrary.

By order of the Honorable Nicholas Fitz-  
hugh, assistant judge of the circuit court  
of the district of Columbia, this 17th day  
of December, 1805.

G. Deneale, C. C.

Dec. 20.

## New Brewery.

Isaac Entwille and Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public, they  
have commenced Brewing, and will have  
BEER ready for delivery in a few days, which he  
hopes will please such as use it.

He will give the Baltimore and Phi-  
ladelphia prices for good clean Bar-  
ley.

Grain and Yeast may be had at the

Brewery.

December 20.

## JAMES BACON.

At his GROCERY STORE, on King Street, has, in

addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in

the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-

lities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,

Guano powder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson-skin, and

Souchong.

Best Green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality.

Madeira,

Bullos,

Sherry,

Lisbon,

Tenecite,

Malaga, and

Genuine Cal Port

Cognac and Brandy Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Arracan, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-

England Rum;

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whiskey,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento

Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground

Ginger, Bitter Salt for table use, Pearl Bailey,

Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and

Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt-Petre, Flotant

Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone,

Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best

English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars,

and Smoking Tobacco, very best Chewing To-  
bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes

in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a



NEW-YORK, Dec. 31.

Latest Foreign News.

Eleventh Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Munich, 4th Brumaire, year 14.

The emperor arrived at Munich, the 2d Brumaire at 9 o'clock in the evening. The town was illuminated with great taste. A great number of persons had decorated the fronts of their houses with emblems expressive of their sentiments.

On the 3d, in the morning, the grand officers of the elector, the chamberlains and gentlemen of the court, the ministers, generals, privy counsellors, the diplomatic body accredited to his electoral highness, the deputies of the state of Bavaria and the magistrates of the city of Munich were presented to his majesty, who conversed with them for a long time upon the economical affairs of their country.

Prince Murat is arrived at Munich. He has exhibited a prodigious activity in his expedition. He never ceases praising the valiant charge of the chasseurs of the Imperial guard and of the carabinieri.

A treasure of 200,000 florins fell into their power; they passed it without touching any part of it, and continued to follow the enemy.

Prince Ferdinand was present at the last engagement, and made his escape on a horse belonging to a lieutenant of cavalry.

The whole town of Nuremberg has witnessed the bravery of the French. A great number of deserters and fugitives of the wreck of the Austrian army fill the province of Franconia, where they commit the greatest disorder. All the enemy's baggage has been taken.

In the evening the emperor went to the theatre, where he was received with the sincerest demonstrations of joy and gratitude.

To-day the emperor, after seeing marshal Soult's army file off before him, hunted at Nimpfemburg, the elector's country seat.

Every thing is in motion; our armies have crossed the Isar, and are marching towards the Inn, where marshal Bernadotte on the one side, general Marmont on the other, and marshal Davoust will be this evening.

Twelfth Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Munich, 5th Brumaire, year 14.

To the 5th Bulletin of the army must be added the capitulation of Memmingen, which was forgot.

The fortifications of Ingolstadt and Augsburg are at this moment repairing with the greatest activity.

Tetes de pont are constructing to all the bridges of the Leck, and magazines are established behind them.

His majesty has been highly satisfied with the zeal and activity of general Bertraud, his aid-de-camp, whom he has frequently employed and reconnoitring.

He has ordered the fortifications of the towns of Ulm in Memmingen to be demolished.

The elector of Bavaria is expected every moment. The emperor has sent his aid-de-camp, colonel Lebrun, to receive him and offer him escorts of honor on his road.

A Te-Deum has been sung at Augsburg and Munich. The Bavarian people are full of good sentiments; they run to arms, and form voluntary guards to defend the country against the incursions of the Cossacks.

Generals Derzi and Wreden display the greatest activity: the latter has made many Austrian prisoners. He served last war in the Austrian army, where he greatly distinguished himself.

General Mack crossing Bavaria in post, on his return to Vienna, met general Wreden, at the advanced posts, near the Inn. They had a long conversation upon the manner the French treat the Bavarian army.

"We are better off than with you," said general Wreden; "we have neither surliness nor ill usage to support, and, far from being exposed the first to the blows, we are obliged to ask for the perilous posts, because the French had rather reserve them for themselves. Among you, on the contrary, we always had to bear the brunt of every engagement."

A staff officer is just arrived from the army of Italy. The campaign commenced on the 26th Vendemiaire. That army will soon form the right of the grand army.

The emperor gave a concert yesterday to all the ladies of the court. He gave a very distinguished reception to madame de Montgelas, the lady of the elector's prime

minister, and highly distinguished by her personal merit.

He testified his satisfaction to Mr. de Wintz, the elector's music master, upon the good composition of his pieces, all full of rapture and talent.

To-day, Sunday, 5th Brumaire, the emperor heard mass in the chapel of the palace.

The following are the names of the Austrian generals who have been made prisoners. The number of officers is between 1500 and 2000. Each officer has signed his word of honor to serve no more; it is hoped that they will keep it exactly; were it otherwise, the laws of war would be followed to the utmost rigor.

Statement of the Austrian General Officers made prisoners at the victories of Elchingen, Wertingen, Memmingen, Ulm, &c.

Baron Mack, field marshal lieutenant, quarter master general, the prince of Hesse Homburg, field marshal lieutenant; baron de Hipich, idem; count de Gidlay, idem, quarter master general of the army of prince Ferdinand; baron Daudun, idem; count de Konen, idem; count de Gotescheim, idem; count de Riese, idem; count Bailliet, idem; count de Werneck, idem; the prince of Hohenzollern, idem; the prince of Lichtenstein, major general; baron de Abel, idem; baron d'Ulm, idem; baron de Wedenfeld, idem; count Awersberg, idem; count de Gebeldd, idem; Count de Fremel, idem; count de Stiecker; i. d. m.; Count de Hermann, taken at Ulm; Count de Reichter, idem; count de Dicusberg, idem; count de Mukitay, major general; count de Vogel, idem; Count Weiber, idem; count de Hohenfeld, idem; Baron d'Aspre, idem; count de Spaugen, idem.

MINISTRY OF WAR.

ARMY OF ITALY.

The Marshal of the Empire Massena, General in Chief of the Army of Italy, to the Marshal of the Empire Berthier, Minister of War.

Head-Quarters at Alps, 26th Vendemiaire, year 14, at midnight.

I have had the honor of informing you, Mr. Marshal, that after the expiration of the term agreed on with Prince Charles. I should profit of the first moment to act vigorously. I attacked this morning at four o'clock, the bridge of the old castle of Verona, and I have crossed the Adige. I hasten to give you an account of the result of my operations.

I had assembled the army at Zevio and in the environs so as to enable one to march wherever the enemy might attempt to force a passage. This concentration of troops inspired fears concerning my real design. I gave orders for a false attack to be made on my right, and hostile demonstrations on my left: my intention was to deceive the enemy by these different movements, and the success answered my expectations. The first operation was to throw down the wall which defended the middle of the bridge: it fell by means of a train of powder set with great boldness. The two cuts which the Austrians had made were rendered practicable by means of planks and boards, and immediately 24 companies of Rangers, taken from amongst the divisions Gardanne, and Duchesne, rushed to the otherside of the bridge under the protection of the cannon of the old castle; they were soon followed by the whole of the first division, under the command of general Gardanne. The enemy defended the passage in force, and opposed us bravely, he was put to the route and pursued to the heights. Reinforcements sent by prince Charles arrived from all parts; the two armies continued fighting with great obstinacy, from four in the morning till six in the evening. The Austrians did not yield their territory until after having obstinately disputed it; at length we drove them from all their positions, and destroyed their entrenchments. Seven pieces of artillery and eighteen caissons are the fruit of this day; we have taken from them fourteen or fifteen hundred prisoners, they have left twelve hundred men on the field of battle, and they have a much greater number wounded. On our side, we have had few killed, we have three hundred wounded, yet but few of them dangerously.

I have great encomiums to bestow on the alacrity and prowess displayed by general Lecombe St. Michael, commanding of artillery, and general Chasoloup commanding the engineers. I have also great praise to bestow on general Gardanne who directed the first division and general Duchesne who fought at the head of one of his brigades forming the reserve. The different corps present at the action, officers and soldiers, in general conducted themselves well, and I propose to make you a detailed report on this head. I cannot however

defer doing justice to the zeal and readiness of Mr. Merges, one of your aides de camp who never quitted my side during the whole action.

I immediately gave orders for building a tete de pont and it is now solidly established. I shall take care to inform you of the results of this day and of the advantages which I hope to reap from it. Be so kind as to present to his majesty the emperor and king this first pledge of the valor of his army, of Italy and renew to him the assurances of our attachment to the execution of his designs.

I remain, yours, &c.

MASSENA.

Third Bulletin of the army of Italy.

Head-quarters at Vago, 8th Brumaire, 14th year.

After the affair of the seventh the army took up its position at Vago, two miles below Caldiero. On the 8th at two in the afternoon it attacked the enemy along the whole line. The division Molitor, forming the left, began the action, that of general Gardanne, attacked the centre and that of general Duchesne the right. These different attacks were well executed and happily conducted. The village of Caldiero was carried amidst the cries of long live the emperor!

At half past four, Prince Charles gave orders for his reserve consisting of twenty four battalions of Grenadiers and several regiments to advance. The action then became hotter. His imperial majesty's troops displayed their accustomed intrepidity, the cavalry made several charges and every time with success; the battalions of the grenadiers of the reserve were engaged at the same time, and the bayonet decided the fate of the day. The enemy caused to play on us upwards of thirty pieces of artillery which lined his entrenchments. But notwithstanding the obstinacy of his resistance, he was put to the route and pursued to the foot of the redoubts beyond Caldiero.

We have taken three thousand five hundred prisoners, the field of battle is strewn with Austrians, the number of killed & wounded is at least equal to that of their prisoners. Prince Charles has asked for a truce in order to bury the dead.

The marshal general in chief bestows the highest praise on the courage and attachment of the army; he proposes nothing more particularly the noble actions which have signalised this day, and laying before his majesty the Emperor and king the names of those brave fellows to whom the honor of it is due.

Thirteenth Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Translated for the Mercantile Advertiser. HAAG, 5th Brumaire, year 14.

(October 26.)

The corps of the army of marshal Bernadotte left Munich on the 4th Brumaire. It arrived on the 5th at Wasserburg, on the Inn, and slept at Altenmark: six arches of the bridge were burnt. Count Manucci, colonel of the Bavarian army, had transported himself from Roth to Resenheim, where he found the bridge there had also been burnt, and the enemy on the opposite side.

After a brisk cannonade the enemy gave up the right bank. Several French and Bavarian battalions passed the Inn, and on the 6th at noon both bridges were entirely re-erected.

Colonels Moro and Somis, engineers, have exercised the greatest activity in the reparation of these bridges; the enemy has been closely pursued in crossing them; 50 of their guard were made prisoners.

Marshal Davoust with his corps of the army, left Freysing on the 4th, reached Muldort on the 5th; the enemy defended the right bank, where they had erected batteries in a very advantageous position. The bridge was so much destroyed, that it was not repaired without much trouble. On the 6th, at noon, a great part of the army of marshal Davoust passed over.

Prince Murat had carried a brigade of cavalry to cross the bridge of Muldort; he caused the bridges of d'Oetting and Marekhl to be repaired, and passed over them with a part of his reserve. The emperor went in person to Haag.

The corps of the army of marshal Soult is stationed before Haag; the corps of general Marmont rests this night at Wihsbiburg; that of marshal Ney at Landshut; that of marshal Lannes on the road from Landshut to Braunau; all the information received of the enemy's situation represents the Russian army to be retreating.

There has been much rain during the whole of this day; all the country between the Isar and the Inn presents one continued forest of pine trees, and is very sterile. The army expresses much gratitude for the zeal and the readiness with which the inhabitants of Munich furnished the necessary articles of subsistence.

Fourteenth Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Braunau, 8th Brumaire, year 14.

Marshal Bernadotte arrived on the 8th, at ten in the morning, Salzburgh. The elector had left it some days before; a corps of 6000 men, who were there, had retired precipitately on the preceding evening.

The Imperial Head-Quarters were on the 6th, at Haag, on the 7th at Muldort, and on the 8th at Braunau.

Marshal Davoust was employed on the 7th, causing the bridge of Muldort to be entirely repaired.

The 1st regiment of light horse made a noble charge on the enemy, killed twenty men and took several prisoners, amongst the rest a captain of hussars.

On the 7th, Marshal Lannes arrived with the light cavalry at the bridge of Braunau. He set out from Landshut. The bridge was broken down. He immediately caused sixty men to embark on board two boats. The enemy, who was moreover pursued by the reserve under Prince Murat, abandoned the town. The audacity of the 13th light horse contributed to hasten his retreat.

The misunderstanding between the Russians and Austrians is already perceptible. The Russians pillage every thing. The best informed officers amongst them know the war they carry on to be impolitic, since they have nothing to gain against the French, whom nature has not placed so as to become their enemies.

Braunau, in its present state, may be considered as one of the noblest and most useful acquisitions to the army. It is surrounded with bastions and a drawbridge, a half moon and fosses full of water. It has numerous magazines of artillery all in an excellent state, and what is very difficult to credit, it is also remarkably well provided with provisions. We found in it 40,000 rations of bread ready to be distributed, and upwards of a thousand sacks of flour; the artillery of the place consists of 45 pieces of cannon with sliding carriages, and mortars provided with upwards of 40,000 balls and howitzers. The Russians have left behind them 100,000 lbs. of gun-powder, a great number of cartridges, lead, a thousand muskets, and every thing to maintain a great siege.

The Emperor has appointed General Lauriston, who has arrived from Cadix, Governor of this town, in which he has established the depot of the head-quarters of the army.

FIFTEENTH BULLETIN OF GRAND ARMY.

BRAUNAU, 9th Brumaire, year 14.

Several Russian deserters have already arrived, among others a sergeant-major, native of Moscow, an intelligent man. It may be imagined that every body questioned him. He said that the Russian army was very differently disposed towards the French army from what it was the last war: that the prisoners who had returned from France, praised the country and the French very much; that there were 6 of them in his company, who, at the moment of their departure from Poland, were sent farther; that had all the men returned from France been left in the regiments, they would undoubtedly have all deserted: that the Russians were sorry to fight for the Germans, whom they do not love, and that they had a high opinion of French valor. Being asked whether they loved the Emperor Alexander, he answered that they were too miserable to bear him any attachment: that the soldiers loved the Emperor Paul better, but the nobility preferred the Emperor Alexander; that the Russians, in general, were satisfied to have quitted their country, because they lived better and were better paid; that they all wished not to return to Russia, and that they preferred settling in other climates to returning under the rod of so hard a discipline; that they knew the Austrians had lost all their titles, and did nothing but weep.

Prince Murat set out in pursuit of the enemy. He overtook the remaining part of the Austrians, six thousand men strong upon the road to Merobach: to perceive and charge it was only the same thing for his cavalry. This rear guard was dissipated upon the heights of Ried. The emperor's cavalry then rallied to procure the passage of the infantry through a defile.

the first division of general... them, and rushed with... into the defile. The... was very brisk, but the... night saved this division... of it dispersed through... only five hundred we... of war Prince Murat... posted itself at Haag... of the 1st rangers, cov... in glory. The 8th regiment... reported its old reputation.

of this regiment having... off, said before the pri... he was passing by, I reg... it can no longer s... The emperor upon... said, "I recognize in... of the 8th. Let this qu... appointed to an advantage... to his situation, in... rallees."

The inhabitants of Braunau acco... had carried home to their... provisions from the magazines... proclamation, caused the whole... to be brought back. These... thousand sacks of flour, a great... magazines of ordnance of all... fine munition, and sixty th... bread, which we were in great... them have been distributed to... Ried.

Marshal Bernadotte is arrived at... the enemy retreated to the roa... of Wells. A regiment of infan... make a stand at the village of C... Marshal was in hopes that G... would contrive to cut off... capture it.

The inhabitants assert that, in... the emperor of Germany advanced... there he learned the disaster that h... is army. He also learned ther... his people of Bohemia and Austr... tuffians, who plunder and ravish... manner, that the inhabitants wi... val of the French, to deliver the... singular allies.

Marshal Davoust, with his bod... as posted himself between Ried a... the other corps of the army are... sent; and the weather is dread... as fallen a foot deep, which has... roads detestable.

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Several mails from Vienna ha... reaped. The latest letters were... October. The inhabitants ha... receive news of the engagement of V... spread the greatest consternation... were dear beyond purchase. P... Vienna. However the harvest... but the depreciation of paper cu... the assignats, which lost upward... cent had raised every thing to th... Every body was purloined of the... the Austrian paper cur eney.

The farmers would no longer... provisions for a paper of no value... in Germany, but considers... the authors of the war, and the e... and Alexander as the victims of... There is not a person but say... no peace as long as the oligarch... land, and the oligarchs will ge... George breathes."

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The emperor Alexander was... rona, but he has taken another ste... that he is gone to Berlin.

NEW-YORK, Janu

Whether the commercial in... tween these States and the em... shall be prohibited or not? is... considerable importance now... in congress. And it would... knot y point. For on the one h... fair to trade with the manu... country. This promotes indu... es employment to the artis... bread to the mouth of labour... not predilection for the sab... Jacques I, or any peculiar r... consolidation of his empire th... trade largely in certain art... merce with that people. W... on I, the great prototype of... wish to make a contract with... mercantile houses for a quan... ry stores, his order would be... ly honored. It is the princ... the intercourse. But the tra... ponents, nor are their argum... devoid of plausibility. For... hand does it accord with our... France, at least the construct... may be assigned to them,



has been much rain during the day; all the country between the Inn presents one continued pine trees, and is very fertile. It expresses much gratitude for the readiness with which the troops of Munich furnished the necessities of subsistence.

#### 15th Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Braunau, 8th Brumaire, year 4. General Bernadotte arrived on the 8th of the morning, Salzburg. The day had left it some days before, a force of 6000 men, who were there, had precipitated on the preceding evening.

Imperial Head Quarters were on at Haag, on the 7th at Muldorf, the 8th at Braunau.

General Davoust was employed on the bridge of Muldorf to be repaired.

A regiment of light horse made charge on the enemy, killed twenty took several prisoners, amongst a captain of hussars.

7th, Marshal Lannes arrived with cavalry at the bridge of Braunau, out from Landshut. The bridge taken down. He immediately caused men to embark on board two boats, enemy, who was moreover pursued reserve under Prince Murat, abandoned the town. The audacity of the 13th horse contributed to hasten his retreat.

General Bernadotte is arrived at Salzburg. The enemy retreated to the road of Carinthia and Wells. A regiment of infantry attempted to make a stand at the village of Hallein, where the Marshal was in hopes that General Keller would contrive to cut off its retreat and capture it.

The inhabitants assert that, in his unfeeling emperor of Germany advanced as far as Wells where he learned the disaster that had happened to his army. He also learned there the clamors of his people of Bohemia and Austria against the Austrians, who plunder and ravish in an unbridled manner, that the inhabitants wished for the arrival of the French, to deliver them from these singular allies.

General Davoust, with his body of the army, as posted himself between Ried and Haag. All the other corps of the army are in full movement, and the weather is dreadful; the snow has fallen a foot deep, which has rendered the roads detestable.

The Minister Secretary of State Maret has joined the Emperor at Braunau.

The Elector of Bavaria is returned to Munich; he was received with the greatest enthusiasm by the inhabitants of his capital.

Several mails from Vienna have been intercepted. The latest letters were of the 18th of October. The inhabitants had begun to receive news of the engagement of Wirtgen; it spread the greatest consternation. Provisions were dear beyond purchase. Famine menaced Vienna. However the harvest was abundant; but the depreciation of paper currency, and of the assignats, which cost upwards of forty per cent had raised every thing to the highest price. Every body was pursued of the speedy fall of the Austrian paper currency.

The farmers would no longer exchange their provisions for a paper of no value. There is not a man in Germany, but considers the English as the authors of the war, and the emperor Francis and Alexander as the victims of their intrigues. There is not a person but says "there will be no peace as long as the oligarchs govern England, and the oligarchs will govern as long as George breathes."

The reign of the prince of Wales is in consequence defined as the term of that of the oligarchs, who in all countries are egotists and callous to the misfortunes of the world.

The emperor Alexander was expected at Vienna, but he has taken another step, it is asserted that he is gone to Berlin.

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the first division of rangers and the division of dragoons of general Beaumont, entered them, and rushed with the enemy's infantry into the defile. The fire of musketry was very brisk, but the darkness of the night saved this division of the enemy; part of it dispersed through the woods, that only five hundred were made prisoners of war. Prince Murat's advanced guard posted itself at Haag. Col. Montmarat of the 1st rangers, covered himself with glory. The 8th regiment of dragoons supported its old reputation. A quarter-master of this regiment having his hand not off, said before the prince, the moment he was passing by, I regret my hand, because it can no longer serve our brave emperor. The emperor upon learning this, said, "I recognize in this the sentiments of the 8th. Let this quarter-master be appointed to an advantageous post, according to his situation, in the place of Versailles."

The inhabitants of Braunau according to custom, had carried home to their houses a part of the provisions from the magazines of the town. A proclamation caused the whole of these provisions to be brought back. There are at present thousands of sacks of flour, a great quantity of magazines of ordnance of all kinds, a very fine maintenance, and sixty thousand rations of bread, which we were in great want of; part of them have been distributed to the corps of Marshal Soult.

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enemy with the means of opposing her claims? Or is it consistent with the policy of a neutral power to persevere in a system that gives offence and may eventually draw upon her the vengeance of the Great Nation? We look to congress for the answer.

Arrived ship Indian, Hunter, Johnson, 21 days from Trinidad. The ship Hercules, Harmon, for Savannah, sailed 3 days before; the brig Ceres, Pride, for New York, 10; brig Sea-Nymph, Milligan, for Philadelphia; 3; brig Thomas, for Boston 4; brig Neptune, Storey of New York, was to sail next day for Wilmington, N. C. Left there, schooner John, Freeman, of Edenro, just arrived; schooner Union, Bachelor, do, schooner Judith, Holme, do, in 26 days; brig Freeman, New London; schooner Morning Star, from Kennebeck; schooner Friends, from Wiscasset, and schooner Union, from Salem.

Dec. 25th; off Cape Hatteras during a heavy gale, spoke schr. Milford, from Milford for Charleston. 31st, spoke brig Daphne, 3 hours from the Hook, for New Orleans. Markets at Trinidad very low for American produce; flour seven dollars, market stocked. The Indian Hunter, has been on the coast during the last ten days, and has experienced two heavy gales; in one of them saw a number of vessels off Barneget, but could not speak any of them; she had some of her cargo and nearly all her water stove in, but received no other injury.

#### PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.

Letters from London, say, it was contemplated by the British government to place all the ports of France, Spain, and Holland in a state of blockade *a la mode de France*; and to take measures to prevent neutrals carrying the produce of their enemies from their colonies to the parent countries.

Extract of a letter from a respectable mercantile house in London, dated October 26, 1805.

"I only complain of this country not giving all neutrals, fair, liberal and manly notice of a few months, and so then have left the two governments to have fought the battle as they pleased; innocent, credulous individuals, I sincerely feel for. Your shipping interest in the United States, will soon, I fear, be much reduced in the value, as I do not see how the vessels are to be employed."

#### Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JANUARY 6.

On the way bill per yesterday's mail stage, came orders to the different contractors to expedite the Washington mail with the utmost celerity. Immediately after, a report became current that it contained dispatches from Mr. Monroe, advising of his having left the court of St. James' and to day the report was wonderfully improved with a twin rumour, that congress were yesterday without waiting for the dispatches "we presume, debating with closed doors, on war measures against G. Britain! Now as every New Year is commenced with pretty serious libations to Bacchus, we dare swear that these, with divers other great and miraculous reports, which are but just smothered, may be all attributed to that fertility of imagination, which the festivity of the season is so apt to produce. — *Balt. Federal Gazette.*

The following letter is from the most respectable source: it shows that our commerce with Europe in colonial produce will, in all probability, be put an end to, if it is in the power of the British cruisers to effect it. If the determination of the British government here mentioned, should take place, the modification of the blockade of Cadiz and St. Lucar, will be of little avail.

LONDON, October 26.

"We have already written you of this date. The present serves solely to inform you, that it is generally reported that our government is determined to put a stop to all neutral trade with the colonies of the enemy, except such as was permitted during peace. It becomes, therefore prudent to abstain from all dealings in sugar, coffee, indigo, cochineal, logwood, &c. with a view to an European market, until it be certain that such articles will not be stopped by our cruisers on their voyage even from America to Europe, tho' they should have been purchased in the United States."

"We hope you did not follow up your late shipments to Spain and the Mediterranean by any others, as they will be exposed otherwise to capture by our cruisers, and not unlikely to condemnation."

To the Editor of the National Intelligencer.

SIR, The late arrival in this city of a deputation of Cherokee chiefs having from their appearance excited considerable attention has induced the following statement and observations relative to that Nation:

To speak generally the progress of the useful arts, variety of manufactures and pursuits of agriculture is so great amongst these people as ought effectually to remove prejudices that formerly existed against the red men of America. A person travelling through the Cherokee country is agreeably surprised to find the cards and the spinning wheel in use in almost every family. They raise the cotton and the indigo, spin and dye the yarn, and weave into handsome cloth, with which they clothe their families in a decent and comfortable manner in the habits of the white people. There is more than one thousand spinning wheels and upwards of one hundred looms in the Cherokee nation which are all in use with much industry. Amongst them are found silver-smiths, black-smiths, coopers, saddlers, tanners, shoemakers and wheelwrights; specimens of these manufactures may be seen at the house of Mr. Morin in this city. These mechanics are principally self taught, part of their tools are furnished by the public, and part by themselves; the plough and the hoe are in common use amongst them. By the assistance of some white men they make large quantities of salt-petre, and powder, with which their own people are supplied at a cheaper rate formerly, and some carried out of their then country to sell to the white people in Georgia and Tennessee. They have several grist mills and one saw mill. So far have they changed the hunting life for pursuits leading to civilization, and all this has been done since the year 1794, when there was not a pair of cards, spinning wheel or loom, or even a mechanic in their nation. They have large stocks of black cattle, horses and other domestic animals; they make some butter, and cheese of a good quality is made in a number of families. Since agriculture and the domestic arts have become the principal objects of pursuit their population has evidently increased.

There are now seven schools in their country where more than one hundred children are taught reading and writing, and some of them arithmetic. They are fast emerging from a state of barbarity to a state of improved and amiable society, and under the countenance and fostering hand of government will become useful citizens, and will contribute no inconsiderable portion to the strength of our country; to which they are becoming every day more and more attached from interest and affection. There has formerly existed an erroneous opinion that the aborigines of this country could not be brought to a state of civilization. A great part of the Cherokees are now actually civilized; to fix the precise point where barbarity ceases and where civilization begins is perhaps impossible. Many of these people have considerable information and great decency of manners; these are strong marks of civilization. If in any society it be required that every individual be well informed, and decent in manners before that society could be entitled to the appellation of civilized society I don't know what considerable district of any country would be entitled to the appellation. The fact is, that the Cherokees have made considerable advances in civilization, the consideration of which will afford much satisfaction to the government to the administration, and to the friend of man every where. It has been some expense to the government, but it has saved more expense.

It has almost destroyed their thirst for war, which although it flattered the pride of the warrior, must if persisted in eventually terminate in their extinction; but in the revolution of events their destiny has been placed in the hands of the U. S. whose magnanimity it is presumed will not let them perish. I have several times visited the principal school which is under the patronage of the government; the progress of the children in reading and writing is equal to that of any other children of their age. The order of the schools and decency of manners excites in the mind of the spectator pleasing and affecting contemplation; it would wrest from the barbarian's ferocity, and evince to the mind that it is not the colour of the skin that designates the savage.

I am, respectfully, sir, your obedient servant, RETURN J. MEIGS. City of Washington, Dec. 20, 1805.

#### Proceedings of Congress Taken for the "ALEXANDRIA DAILY ADVERTISER."

NINTH CONGRESS, OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. FRIDAY, JANUARY 3.

Mr. Poley presented a memorial and petition against the election of Michael Leib to a seat in the house. The memorial is signed by John Douglass, chairman of a committee on behalf of the candidate who opposed Mr. Leib at the last election at Philadelphia.

That the citizens proceeded to the election of three members to serve them in the house of representatives in congress, and no objection was made to Joseph Clay, or to Jacob Richards, but a very great one to Michael Leib, who was opposed by William Penrose. That it has been discovered that a number of illegal votes were given to Leib, and much undue influence used. That there appeared for him a majority of 307 votes, yet the petitioners doubt not of proving a greater number of bad votes. Referred to the committee of elections.

Mr. Morrow presented the petition of Seth Adams and Joseph Lowry, of Boston, praying a reimbursement of \$27,810 dollars, the amount of losses sustained by the capture of their vessels by the French. Referred to the committee of claims.

Petition of George Ash, presented this last session, which states, that when an infant, he fell into the hands of the Indians, and remained with them till he arrived at manhood. That on leaving the tribe he was presented with a tract of land in the Illinois country, which he prayed congress to confirm. Referred to the committee on public lands.

Mr. G. W. Campbell presented the memorial of the house of representatives of New-Orleans, praying for grants of land for the cultivation of sugar, for erecting schools, &c.

Referred to the committee on the affairs of New-Orleans.

Mr. Cook presented the petition of John Whitney, which was referred to the committee for the relief of refugees from Canada and Nova-Scotia.

Petitions of old soldiers, viz.

Of Terence Duffey, of Bladensburg, in Maryland, stating that he had been in the actual service of his country the whole of a revolutionary war. That the hardships he endured hasten his constitution so that he cannot longer maintain himself by labor, and is now in a wretched situation for the want of the common necessities of life.

Of John Carr of Maryland, who entered a private soldier in the Maryland line, in 1776, and was promoted to the rank of lieutenant, when health forced him to leave the army by the furlough of general Smith, and return to his home, where he long continued unable to join his regiment, in which time, under a supposition that he could not recover, his name was taken off the muster roll, and thereby deprived of his pay.

The petitions were referred to the committee of claims.

The house then went into a committee of the whole on the unfinished business of the articles of war.

The whole was gone through, and with no material alteration or addition.

The house then adjourned till Monday next.

#### NOTICE.

THOSE Citizens who are yet in arrears in account of Corporation taxes, are earnestly requested to pay up the same, otherwise they shall be under the disagreeable necessity of enforcing payment by distress, agreeable to an order of Council.

George Drinker, Collector.

January 6, 1806. N. B. As I shall be absent from town for a few days, I have empowered Robert Abernethy to collect and give receipts during my absence.

Notice is hereby given

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, THAT a dividend of four per cent, on the capital stock of said Bank, for the half year, ending this day, is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them or their representatives, on Thursday next, the 9th instant.

By order of the President and Directors, Gurdin Chapin, Cashier.

January 6. For Sale or Hire, A Negro Woman and Child. Enquire of the Printer. Dec. 31. d6t



## NOTICE.

At a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at the house of John Gaddy, in the town of Alexandria, December the 4th, 1853.

Ordered, That the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company do, and they are hereby required to pay to the Treasurer of said Company ten dollars on each share by them respectively subscribed, on the first day of February, 1856—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of May—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of July—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of September—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of November next ensuing the date hereof.

John Thompson, Treasurer.

December 13.

## Liverpool Salt—Afloat.

200 hhds. coarse Liverpool SALT, On board the schooner *Favourite* at Lawraon's wharf, and for sale by

Lawraon & Fowle;

Who have also received by said schooner from

50 bbls. New England Rum,  
6 hhds. Molasses,  
90 boxes Mould and Dipe Candles,  
20 do. Fresh Chocolate,  
20 casks fresh Raisins,  
20 do. Best Havana Segars,  
6 bales Burdock Garbans,  
30 bbls. First Quality Russia Duck,  
6000 lbs. Sheet Lead.

## ON HAND,

30 chests Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas,  
100 bbls. heavy Ravens' Duck, superior in quality to English,  
20 do. light Ravens,  
40 barrels Turpentine.

A QUANTITY OF  
Baltimore Bellona GUN-POWDER.  
December 23.

## NOTICE.

At a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at John Gaddy's, in the town of Alexandria, on the 7th December, 1853.

Resolved, That the Treasurer notify the stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, who have not paid up the several calls due from them, that the situation of the work will not admit of further indulgence; and that he cause legal proceedings to be had against all those who fail to make immediate payment—and that he publish this resolution in one of the newspapers of Alexandria, Leesburg, and Winchester.

True copy.

Levin Powell, President.

Dec. 6.

## KILN-DRIED MEAL.

200 barrels of Corn Meal, well dried, and in nice shipping order.  
Apply to MORDECAI MILLER.  
December 9.

## SALT.

100 bbls. Coarse Turk's Island Salt NOW LANDING  
And for sale by John Tucker,  
Who has on hand  
Sugar in hhd. and bbls.—few bags of Coffee—and Spanish Hides.  
Dec. 16.

## JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the Subscriber,  
10 pi. brown Russia Spicings Entitled to 10 do. Ravens' Duck Dbk. on Ex.  
3 bales German Tacklenburgs  
10 bbls. Russia Duck  
10 barrels Boston Beef  
10 do. Tapers Oil  
10 casks Stone Lime  
10 boxes Mould and dipt Tallow Candles  
6 pipes of Cognac Brandy  
1st India and New England Rum  
and a quantity of Mens, Women's and Childrens SHOES.  
John G. Ladd.  
November 16.

## JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,  
Two boxes Irish Linen—real Coleraine.  
50 barrels prime Pork.  
Wm. Hodgson.  
November 28.

## TO RENT,

The Dwelling HOUSE at present occupied by William Sanford—The house is a commodious and handsomely situated, with every necessary out house, and has a handsome garden in high cultivation. Apply to  
Mr. Thomas Preston, or  
Thomas Sanford.  
October 25.

## 44 bales GERMAN GOODS, assorted,

And for Sale, on moderate terms,  
Lately imported from Bremen by the way of Baltimore.

ROBERT YOUNG.

December 7.

400 barrels Corn,  
70 boxes fresh Munkatel and Bloom Raisins,  
For Sale, by  
Mandeville & Jameffon.

December 5.

## Bills on Philadelphia,

At short sight,  
In sums to suit purchasers, may be had if immediate application is made to  
Lawraon & Fowle.

December 5.

## PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a Decree of the Superior Court of Chancery, held in the city of Richmond, the 5th of October 1853.

THE Subscribers will expose to SALE to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in March next, being Prince William court day at George William's Tavern, in the town of Dumfries at three o'clock, on a credit of six months; a TRACT of LAND in the said county of Prince William, distant from the town of Dumfries thereunto six miles, lying on the east side of the main mountain road, bounded thereby, and includes Powell's run. It is said to contain six hundred and eighty five acres, with several tenements thereon, and is a part of the Tract of JOHN BERRYMAN, deceased, which was by him conveyed to RICHARD GRAHAM, and is now decreed to be sold to satisfy a Mortgage thereon, if the money be not paid by the twenty fifth day of next month.

Alexander Henderson,

John Gibson,

John Linton.

Dumfries, November 21, 1853. (Dec. 28.) raw8w

## THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By ROBERT GRAY, Bookfeller,  
KING STREET;  
A new and very highly interesting WORK  
ENTITLED  
A NORTHERN SUMMER,  
OR,  
Travels round the Baltic;

Through Denmark, Sweden, Russia, Prussia, and part of Germany—in the year 1854.  
By JOHN CARR, Esq.  
Author of the *Stranger in France*, &c.  
Price, Two Dollars, bound and lettered.  
Sold also by JOHN GRAY, Bookseller, and JOSEPH MILLIGAN, George Town, Va.

## Lately Received,

## The following PLAYS:

SCHOOL of REFORM, or how to rule a Husband; To Marry, or not to Marry; Rich and the 3d; Hamlet; Who wants a Guinea Yaddock; Prize, or 2, 5, 3, 8; Venice Preserved; Hotel; Fair Penitent; H. Boadocani Matrimony; Blind Bargain; First Floor, &c.  
A. L. S. O.

A large supply of Writing Paper,

Which will be sold low for cash.

January 1.

## This is to give Notice.

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court, of the said county, in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Bowling, late of the said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate:  
Elizabeth Bowling.

December 7.

## Boarding-House Opened,

By the Subscriber, in Prince-street, in the house lately occupied by Thomas Patterson, between the dwelling house of Dr. Dick and Mr. Hodgson's store—where a few genteel boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to  
William King.

November 1.

## TO BE LET,

THE BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, lately occupied by Thomas Matthews—Like wife, the HOUSE and LOT occupied by the subscriber—who has four elegant EIGHT-DAY CLOCKS for sale.  
E. JANNEY.  
10th month, 25th.

November 12.

## Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—Apply to the PRINTER.  
November 12.

## FOR SALE,

A valuable NEGRO MAN, About 35 years of age. Apply to the Printer.  
November 29.

## PUBLIC SALE.

On MONDAY, the second day of February, 1856, will be sold, on the premises,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on the Potomack, in the county of King George, adjoining Hooe's ferry, containing 356 acres.—On this land is an excellent landing for a fishery, a fair marsh of about 40 acres, from which immense quantities of hay may be cut, and furnishes the best fowling ground of any part of the Potomack in the vicinity. A considerable proportion of the land is in wood, and the arable land on the river is intermixed with shell, which adapts it well to the culture of corn, wheat, tobacco, or cotton.—The terms are, one half in hand, or approved bonds on demand; the remainder in twelve months with interest. A deed of trust will be required to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Gerard Alexander.

December 14.

## JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY'S, has received via Baltimore,

A Handsome assortment of  
FALL & WINTER GOODS,  
Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,  
Woolen Velveteen,  
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,  
Fancy Molesters and Florentines,  
Silk Plush and Velvets,  
Sewing Silks, Twist and Thread,  
Leno and Dragona Mull Cloaks,  
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,  
Do. do. do. Gloves,  
Do. do. do. Spun do.  
Do. York Fan and Doe-skin do.  
Ladies' White and Black Hosiery,  
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,  
Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves,  
Sattins, Lutestrings and Perfumery,  
Lutestrings and Sattin Ribbons,  
Laces and Edgings,  
London Hats,  
Rose and Duffel Blankets,  
Silk Rugs and Caddows,  
Carpets and Carpeting,  
German Osabrige,  
Dowlaxes and Bedticking,  
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,  
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,  
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.  
Oct 21

## Centreville Academy.

ON the 2d day of January next, an ACADEMY will be opened in this place for the reception of Students, under the direction of the Reverend Mr. SYDNEY, assisted by one or more Others.

This Gentleman has conducted different Academies for the space of several years past, with great credit: his deportment is consonant to his station, and to the accomplishments of a scholar he adds the happy facility of exciting in his pupils the symptoms of literary genius, and to cultivate their mental improvements.

In this institution will be taught the Latin and Greek Languages: the English language grammatically: Geography, History, Eloquence; the various branches of the Mathematics; Writing; Arithmetic and Book-keeping.  
There are few places in our country more advantageously situated for an institution of this nature, than this—its situation is very elevated and the air salubrious; and in the centre of a remarkably healthy neighborhood; the necessities of life are cheap and easily be procured. The strictest attention will be paid to the morals of the Students both in and out of school.

The terms of tuition will be: for the Latin and Greek Languages, including Geography, &c. 25 dollars; for the Mathematics 20 dollars; Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, 14 dollars per annum, paid quarterly in advance. A small contribution will be required from each pupil for the purchase of fire-wood.  
Centreville, Dec. 14.

Coffee, Salt, Cheese, &c.  
DOUGLASS & MANDEVILLE,  
KING-STREET,

Have just received and offer for Sale,  
700 lbs. best Green Coffee  
2500 bushels Coarse and Fine Salt  
20000 wt. Cheese, some of a superior quality  
1000 bushels Oats  
200 barrels inspected Herring  
10 hogheads West India Rum  
10 do. New-England Rum  
40 boxes Candles  
10 hogheads Brown Sugar  
20 barrels New-England Rum  
20 do. Whiskey  
5 pipes French Brandy  
3 do. Holland Gin;

With a number of other Articles in the Grocery Line.

Being about to close our business, we will dispose of the above articles at a reduced price.

## FOR RENT,

The FLOUR STORE, upper end of King-street, lately occupied by Messrs. Richardson. For terms apply to

Joseph Mandeville, jun.

December 14.

A few copies of the *American Gardner*, may be had at the Book Store of Robert Gray.

## VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.

Just received direct from the Patentees, and FOR SALE BY  
JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.  
DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomach Bitters.

PREPARED BY  
THOMAS H. RAWSON,  
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and for that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c. They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superseded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Billious Pills. THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, speak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in Billious and Yellow Fevers, Jaundice, Head Aches, Dysenteries, Bilious Colic, Constipation, Female complaints, &c. The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious Pills or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem of which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headache, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysenteries, diarrhoeas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti-bilious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle.—Price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For the purity in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir; Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the lungs. Its merits stand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infalible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few hand-some Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials; Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Mace and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms or cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen.  
March 27.

PRINTED DAILY  
BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI.]

## Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue  
RUM

In hhd. and bls. French Brandy in pipes  
Cigars in pipes and bls.  
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.  
Sugar in hhd. tiers and bls.  
Chocolate  
White and brown Soap and  
Mould and dipt Candles  
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,  
7 1/2 in kegs and frills,  
Queen's Ware in crates,  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE  
&c.—Also,

## A Variety of DRY GOODS

among which are  
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,  
Duffels, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,  
Serges, Elastics, blue Friezes,  
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,  
Chintzes and Calicoes,  
Irish Linens, Silks &c.  
Osnaburgs and Tickenburgs,  
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,  
India Muslins and Table Cloths,  
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,  
Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry articles.

Philip G. Marshall.

Nov. 13.

## For Sale or Freight,

## The Schooner

## BETSEY,

Burthen eight hundred barrels  
War built in eighteen hundred  
two—And is without exception the best  
belonging to the port—for terms apply to  
Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Dec. 14

## For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the West-Indies,  
THE BRIG  
EQUATOR,  
Henry Moore, Master;

Burthen 230 bbls. For terms apply to  
either on board, or to  
HUGH SMITH.

Dec. 16.

## FOR SALE,

## On moderate Terms,

## The SHIP

## HETTY,

Just arrived from Liverpool,  
lying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory  
may be seen and description of the ship  
known, on application to Captain Ruffel,  
board or to

## Ricketts, Newton & Co.

It said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen d  
the will be for freight or charter to any port  
Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1.

## HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore,  
New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immediately applied for;  
80 casks Red Lead,  
38 casks Patent Shot,  
18 casks Ingot Lead and  
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18.

## FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber about  
the 18th of September last, an apprentice  
the tobacco trade business, named JOHN B.  
between 14 and 15 years of age; had on a  
green roundabout, waistcoat and trousers.  
He will take up said apprentice and return  
shall have the above reward and reasonable  
costs.

Two journeyman Segar-Makers will  
with constant employ and good wages, be  
plying to

## THOMAS TAYLOR

Prince-street, two doors below  
Water-street, Alex

January 3.

## JUST RECEIVED,

9 boxes—containing  
500 pieces Platinas,  
500 do. Britannias,  
Sutted to draw back on expiration  
A L S O,  
30 bbls and 5 hhd New Rum  
For Sale, by  
John G. L.

December 13.